

SO<sub>2</sub>-heteroaryl.

On page 20, the paragraph starting on line 17:

"Heteroaryl-amino" means a 5 membered aromatic ring wherein one or two ring atoms are N, the remaining ring atoms being C. The [heterocycloamino] heteroaryl-amino ring may be fused to a cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl ring, and it may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents, preferably one or two substituents, selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaralkyl, halo, cyano, acyl, amino, substituted amino, acylamino, -OR (where R is hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, acyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or heteroaralkyl), or -S(O)<sub>n</sub>R [where n is an integer from 0 to 2 and R is hydrogen (provided that n is 0), alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, amino, heterocyclo, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or heteroaralkyl]]. More specifically the term [heterocycloamino] heteroaryl-amino includes, but is not limited to, imidazole, pyrazole, benzimidazole and benzpyrazole.

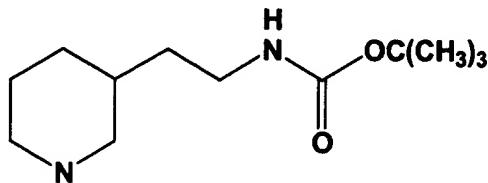
On page 30, the paragraph beginning on line 23:

Preferably, L<sub>2</sub> is a group of formula A1-A241 as shown in the following [table] Table 1. L<sub>2</sub> is preferably linked to X through a non-aromatic nitrogen atom (e.g. a secondary amino nitrogen) of L<sub>2</sub>.

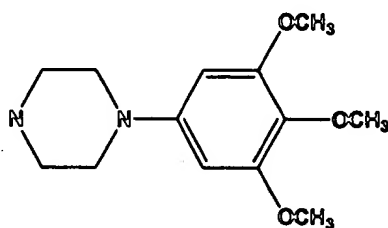
On page 31, line 1:

Table 1

On page 42, line 4, insert the following formula in the A140 box:

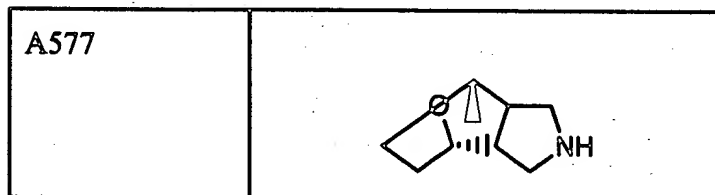


On page 42, line 5, delete the overlapping formulas in the A142 box and insert the following formula:



On page 73, delete the structure in A577:

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and insert the following:

